

SUICIDE IN FRONTIER KANSAS: Challenges and Opportunities on the Plains

Thursday, October 28, 2021 11:20 AM – 12:00 PM

2021 Special Committee on Kansas Mental Health Modernization and Reform



HELLO, I AM WYATT BECKMAN.



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WHO WE ARE

- Nonprofit, nonpartisan educational organization
 based in Topeka
- Established in 1995 with a multi-year grant by the Kansas Health Foundation and located directly across from the Kansas Statehouse
- Committed to convening meaningful conversations around tough topics related to health

TODAY'S AGENDA

- Analysis and Findings
- Federal Rural Suicide Prevention
- State Rural Suicide Prevention

Kansas are considered rural by population density, including Frontier, Rural and Densely-Settled Rural counties, according to the peer county group classification used by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment. This issue brief highlights how suicide rates and the means of suicide have changed over time and have varied across Kansas, with a close look at differences by rurality. A better understanding of urban-

The suicide rate in Kansas was nearly 1.5 times

The suicide rate increased gradually starting

While Kansas counties of all population

over the past 20 years, the increase in

densities saw an increase in suicide rates

over the past 20 years, the increase in Frontier and Rural counties outpaced that

ine suicide rate increases graduanty starting in 2000, then picked up pace between 2007-

higher in 2015-2019 than in 2000-2004 nigher in 2013-2013y than in 2000-2004 (18.1 compared to 12.5 per 100,000), and in 2019 was the 16th highest in the country.

KEY POINTS

sex, race or ethnicity. The majority (89 of 105) of counties in

Suicide was the ninth leading cause of death in Kansas in 2019 and the 10th leading cause of death in the U.S., and the suicide rates have been increasing. In both Kansas and the U.S., discharge of firearms has been the leading means of suicide. The suicide rate in Kansas, 18.2 per 100,000 population (age-adjusted to the U.S. 2000 standard population), was the 16th highest in the country in 2019. Nationally, suicide rates ranged from 8.0 per 100,000 in New Jersey to 29.3 per 100,000 in Wyoming-While rising suicide rates across the nation have drawn attention, urban-rural differences also have been noticed. Rural areas have experienced a higher suicide rate than urban areas, regardless of age,

> in Densely-Settled Rural, Semi-Urban and In connerty secures rural, semi-orban and Urban counties (54,7 and 59,4 percent increases compared to 43.2, 40.3 and 45.4 percent increases, respectively). Since 2011-2015, the rate of suicide by discharge of firearms in Frontier counties has been or nrearms in Frontier counties has been significantly higher than other county groups. In 2015-2019, two-thirds (66.8 percent) of in 2013-2013, two-minus (00.0 percent) 0. Suicides in Frontier counties occurred by discharge of firearms (15.3 out of 22.9 per 100,000). KH1/21-41

Outpaces Non-Rural Over the past 20 years, the rate of suicide across Kansas has steadily risen, from 12.5 per 100,000 population in 2000-2004 to 18.1 in 2015-2019 (Figure 1, page 2). This translates

in Kansas Increase in Rural Counties

meet the needs of local communities. Rising Suicide Rates

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rural differences in rates and means of suicide could help devise unique policies and programs to

r counties oure 3, page 4), and e Rates and Leading Means in Kansas

by discharge of s been higher than e past 20 years. ly in the 2011v discharge ly higher in roups of e 3, page 4). fied means. is remained

that two-

de by Discharge ier Kansas

cross counties of

per 100,000 among 1), and there was a ween Frontier and

2017 2018 2019 ------Urban Kansas dard population

2013 2014

2016 2015

firearms has been

2015

research and considerations for prevention into additional targeted efforts and strategies may be needed to reduce suicide in rural areas and narrow

2007 10 2008 2009 2012 2010 2013 2011 2014 2012 2015 2013 Semi-Urban 2016 2014 rates are age-adjusted to the U.S. 2000 standard population 2017 2018 2019 Kansas

Figure 2. Rate of Suicide by Discharge of Firearms by Peer County Group, Kansas, 2000-2019

overall guidance and activities to prevent and reduce suicide in Kansas and offers the possibility for approaches specifically designed for varied Beographic areas. Tailored approaches may be necessary to narrow the differences and meet the unique challenges and limited resources in the most rural communities. An upcoming blog series for KHI's <u>A Kansas Twist</u> – Suicide Prevention in Rural Communities - will dive into approaches, policies and programs that Kansas policymakers

the gap with their urban counterparts. The statewide suicide prevention plan provides

the National Strategy for Suicide Prevention" and the reasonances of access revenues and that the U.S. Department of Health and Human shar the u.s. Leepartment or manufactor and monotonic Services (HHS) be required to "conduct a national comprehensive evaluation that assesses existing state and tribal efforts to reduce rural suicide rates sume and show errors to require the manner times and that identifies successful evidence-based, turaland that identifies successful evidence onsets, ruran specific strategies.* Nevertheless, four years later,

Figure 3. Rate of Suicide and Means of Suicide by Peer County Group, 2015-2019

7.8

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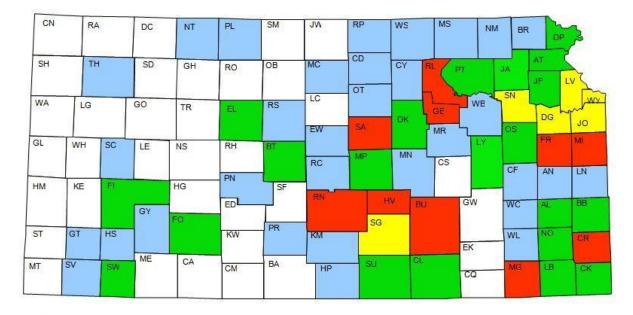
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Informing Policy. Improving Health. URBAN-RURAL DIFFERENCES IN SUICIDE RATES

KHI.ORG

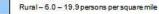
2011 2012

Kansas Peer County Groups





Urban - 150.0 or more persons per square mile

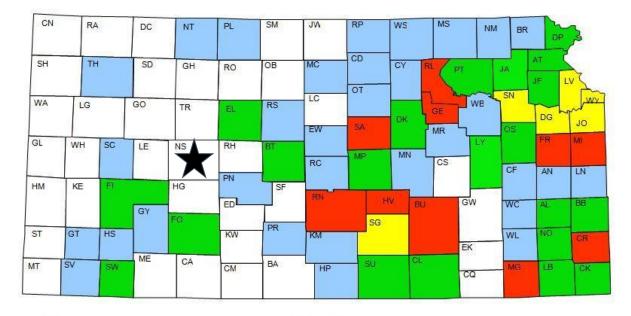


Semi-Urban – 40.0 – 149.9 persons per square mile

Densely-Settled Rural - 20.0 - 39.9 persons per square mile

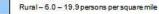
Source Data - 2010 US Census Data Prepared by Bureau of Epidemiology and Public Health Informatics Corrected 5-29-2012 to reflect Doniphan County as Densely-Settled Rural Frontier – Less than 6.0 persons per square mile

Kansas Peer County Groups





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ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

METHODS

- Kansas Information for Communities (source: KDHE) data from 2000-2019
- Age-adjusted to 2000 U.S. standard population
- Rate per 100,000
- 5-year average rates

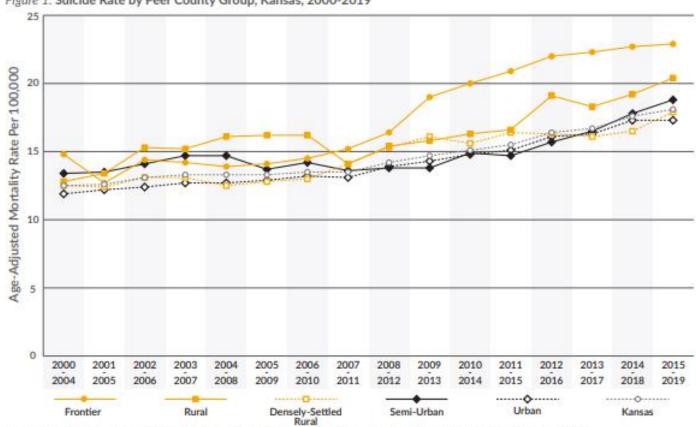
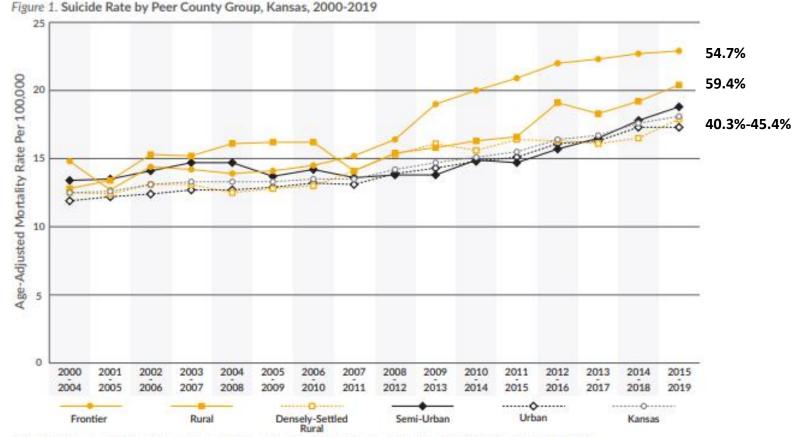


Figure 1. Suicide Rate by Peer County Group, Kansas, 2000-2019



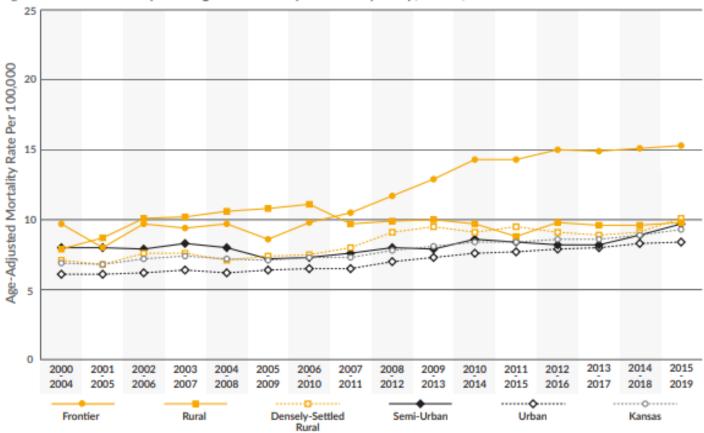


Figure 2. Rate of Suicide by Discharge of Firearms by Peer County Group, Kansas, 2000-2019

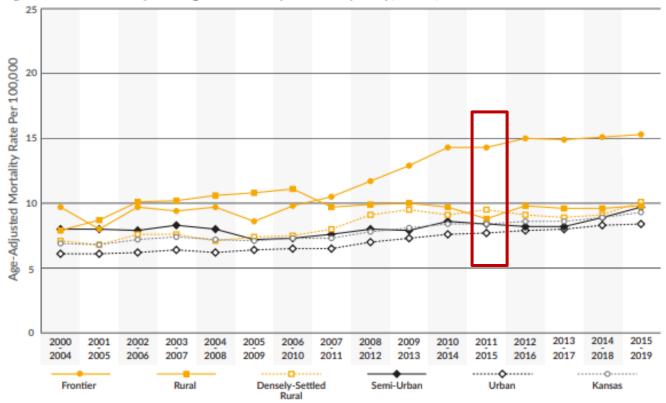
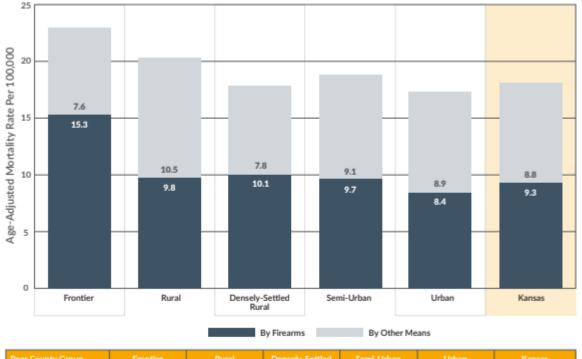


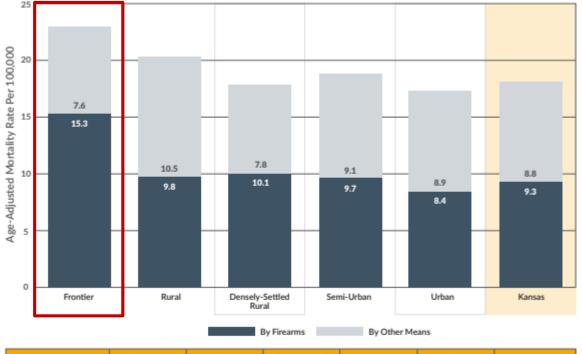
Figure 2. Rate of Suicide by Discharge of Firearms by Peer County Group, Kansas, 2000-2019



Number of Suicides 122 229 407 419 1.432 2,609 Suicide Per 100.000 22.9* 17.3 20.4 17.9 18.8 18.1 7.6** By Other Means 10.5 7.8 9.1 8.9 8.8 By Firearms 15.3*** 9.8 10.1 9.7 8.4 9.3

Note: Data were aggregated to five years due to small sample size. All rates are age-adjusted to the U.S. 2000 standard population. Statistically significant differences (p-value < 0.05) were found between Frontier and Urban counties (*), between suicide by firearms and by other means for Frontier counties (**) and between Frontier and other county groups (***).

Source: KHI analysis of Kansas Information for Communities data, 2015-2019.





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FEDERAL RURAL SUICIDE PREVENTION

FEDERAL ROLES

Agenda Setting

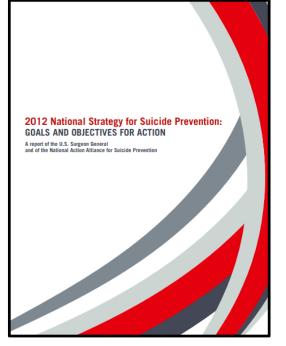
Legislative

Funding

Resources

AGENDA SETTING

- "Comprehensive, long-term approach to suicide prevention"
- Rural populations not identified as one of the 11 identified groups with increased suicide risk



LEGISLATIVE

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III INTEL CONTREESS INT SUBSECT INTEL SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES	H. Res. 212 In the House of Representatives, U.S., October 10, 1998. Whereas suicide, the minth leading cause of all doubts in the	105 STAT, 292 PUBLIC LAW 117-21—JUNE 30, 2021 Public Law 117-21 I170 Congress In International Conference on International Inter
<text><text><section-header><text><text><list-item><list-item><list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></text></text></section-header></text></text>	 United States and the third searce for young persons ages 15 through 24, elans over 33,000 lives annually, more than homicide; Whereas suicide attempts, estimated to exceed 750,000 annually, adversely impact the lives of millions of family members, and the search of the search	 Bit and the structure of the st

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FUNDING

Comprehensive Suicide Prevention



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Centers for Disease Control and Prevention CDC 24/7: Saving Lives, Protecting People™

GLS Campus Suicide Prevention Grant



Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Farm and Ranch Stress Assistance Network (FRSAN)

USDA National Institute of Food and Agriculture UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

RESOURCES

Rural Suicide Prevention Toolkit



Rural Suicide Prevention Toolkit

CDC POLICY BRIEF

- 1. Improve Access to Mental and Behavioral Health Services
- 2. Reduce Stigma in Communities
- 3. Increase Connectedness with Peer Norm Programs
- 4. Work with Communities to Reduce the Risks for Suicide (Access to Lethal Means)



STATE RURAL SUICIDE PREVENTION

STATE ROLES

Convener

Grants & Funding

Population-Specific Initiatives

GRANTS & FUNDING



COLORADO

Department of Public Health & Environment





Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH) Office of Suicide Prevention

Kansas Health Institute

CONVENER

• Public-Private Partnerships, Task Teams, Coalitions, Commissions

Michigan Suicide Prevention Commission

"Must focus on demographics showing the highest suicide rates in this state..."

POPULATION-SPECIFIC INITIATIVES

- Meet the unique needs of specific populations
 - Farmers and Ranchers
 - Gun Owners

FARMERS AND RANCHERS











GUN OWNERS

The Gun Owners of Vermont Inc. PO Box 45 Saxtons River, VT 05154 (802) 463-9026



The Vermont Gun Shop Project (VGSP)

In 2016, The Gun Owners of Vermont and the Vermont Federation of Sportsman's Clubs began a project to help reduce the frequency of suicide in Vermont.

In conjunction with the Vermont Department of Mental Health and the Center for Health and Learning in Brattleboro, we set out to create a *unique* program for Vermont that had not been done before.

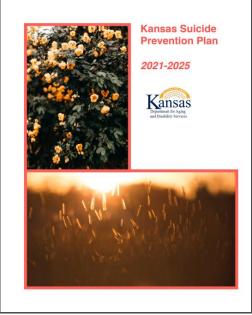
This program is designed to raise awareness of issues facing Vermont gun owners and to educate them with different methods to guide folks in crisis to professional mental health counselling.



	Enrolled Copy H.B. 17
1	FIREARM VIOLENCE AND SUICIDE PREVENTION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2019 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason
6	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
7	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
0	This bill reenacts and modifies previously sunsetted provisions relating to a voluntary
1	firearm safety program and a suicide prevention education course.
2	Highlighted Provisions:
3	This bill:
4	 requires the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, in consultation with
5	the Bureau of Criminal Identification, to implement and manage a firearm safety
6	program and a suicide prevention education course by:
7	 producing a firearm safety brochure and firearm safety packet;
8	 procuring cable-style gan locks;
9	 distributing firearm safety packets;
0	 administering a program in which a Utah resident who has filed an application
1	for a concealed firearm permit receives a redeemable coupon toward the
2	purchase of a firearm safe and receives a firearm safety brochure; and
3	 creating a suicide prevention education course;
4	 modifies the administration of a grant program to provide suicide prevention
3	education opportunities for firearm dealers;
6	 requires a federal firearm dealer to provide a cable-style gan lock supplied by the
7	Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health to an individual purchasing a
8	certain firearm;

STATE GOVERNMENT

- Spread across departments and agencies
- Plan includes rural-focused opportunities
 - "develop and support culturally informed suicide prevention efforts for diverse populations"



NON-PROFITS AND ASSOCIATIONS













COLLABORATIVE & COALITIONS COLLABORATIVE

kansas suicide prevention coalition

IN CLOSING



National Advisory Committee on Rural Health and Human Services

> Understanding the Impact of Suicide in Rural America

Policy Brief and Recommendations

SAMHSA: "include rural-specific research and considerations for prevention into the National Strategy for Suicide Prevention"

HHS: "conduct a national comprehensive evaluation that assesses existing state and tribal efforts to reduce rural suicide rates and that identifies successful evidence-based, rural-specific strategies"

December 2017

FINAL THOUGHTS







THANK YOU **Any questions?**

You can connect with me at: wbeckman@khi.org











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